Angiotensin I Converting Enzyme Activity (ACE1) Assay Kit (Fluorometric) (Catalog # K227-100; 100 assays, Store kit at -20°C)

I. Introduction:
Angiotensin I converting enzyme (ACE1, EC: 3.4.15.1), a dipeptidyl carboxypeptidase is part of the renin-angiotensin system (RAS) that controls regulation of blood pressure by cleaving the C-terminal dipeptides of angiotensin I and bradykinin. It is found on the luminal surface of vascular endothelial cells, especially in pulmonary tissues. Elevated levels of ACE1 are found in patients suffering from sarcoidosis, leprosy, hyperthyroidism, acute hepatitis, primary biliary cirrhosis, diabetes mellitus, multiple myeloma, osteoarthritis, amyloidosis, Gaucher’s disease, pneumoconiosis, histoplasmosis and miliary tuberculosis. BioVision’s ACE1 Activity Assay Kit utilizes an active ACE1 to cleave a synthetic ω-aminobenzoyl peptide (Abz-based peptide) substrate to release a fluorophore. The released Abz can be easily quantified using a fluorescence microplate reader. This assay kit is simple, rapid and can detect ACE activity as low as 10 nM in biological samples.

\[
\text{ACE1 Substrate-Abz} \rightarrow \text{Cleaved ACE1 Substrate + Abz (Fluorescence)} \quad (\text{Ex./Em. } = 330/430 \text{ nm})
\]

II. Applications:
- Detection of ACE1 activity in tissue/cell lysates
- Determination of enzymatic activity of purified ACE1

III. Sample Type:
- Animal tissues: Lung, heart, kidney
- Serum, plasma

IV. Kit Contents:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>K227-100</th>
<th>Cap Code</th>
<th>Part Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ACE1 Assay Buffer</td>
<td>20 µl</td>
<td>WM</td>
<td>K227-100-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACE1 Lysis Buffer</td>
<td>40 µl</td>
<td>NM</td>
<td>K227-100-2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACE1 Dilution Buffer</td>
<td>1 µl</td>
<td>Clear</td>
<td>K227-100-3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACE1 Positive Control</td>
<td>5 µl</td>
<td>Green</td>
<td>K227-100-4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACE1 Substrate</td>
<td>300 µl</td>
<td>Brown</td>
<td>K227-100-5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Abz-Standard (1 mM)</td>
<td>100 µl</td>
<td>Yellow</td>
<td>K227-100-6</td>
</tr>
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</table>

V. User Supplied Reagents and Equipment:
- 96-well plate with flat bottom. White plates are preferred for this assay.
- Multi-well fluorescence microplate reader.
- BCA Protein Assay Kit - Reducing Agent Compatible (BioVision Cat# K818, K819 or equivalent).

VI. Storage Conditions and Reagent Preparation:
Store kit at -20°C, protected from light. Briefly centrifuge small vials at low speed prior to opening. Read the entire protocol before performing the assay.
- ACE1 Assay Buffer and ACE1 Dilution Buffer: Ready to use. Store at -20°C. Bring to room temperature before use.
- ACE1 Lysis Buffer: Ready to use. Store at -20°C. Thaw before use.
- ACE1 Positive Control: Store at -20°C. Avoid multiple freeze/thaw of the enzyme. Use within 6 months.
- ACE1 Substrate: Ready to use. Store at -20°C. Thaw before use.
- Abz Standard: Ready to use. Store at -20°C

VII. ACE1 Activity Assay Protocol:
1. Sample Preparation: Homogenize tissue (~100 mg) or pelleted cells (1-2x 10^6) with 400 µl ACE1 Lysis Buffer using dounce homogenizer, keep on ice for 10 min. Vortex gently for 10 sec, and keep on ice for another 5 min. Centrifuge the homogenate at 16,000 x g, 4°C for 10 min. Discard the pellet.

   Protein concentration measurement: Transfer the clarified supernatant to a clean pre-chilled tube and keep on ice. Measure the amount of protein in the lysate or purified enzyme using BCA Protein Assay Kit, Reducing Agent Compatible (BioVision Cat# K818, K819 or equivalent).

   Experimental procedure: Add 1-10 µl of lysate (maximum up to 2 µg of protein) into desired well(s) in a 96-well white plate. If necessary, dilute the lysate or enzyme with ACE1 Lysis buffer. For Background Control, add lysis buffer. For Positive Control, add 95 µl of ACE1 Dilution Buffer to the ACE1 Positive Control vial and use 10 µl of the diluted ACE1 solution into desired well(s). Adjust the volume of Samples, Background Control & Positive Control wells to 50 µl/well with ACE1 Assay Buffer.

   Notes:
   a. We recommend using the tissue/cell homogenate immediately to measure the ACE1 activity. If desired, snap freeze the lysate and store at -80°C. Unused diluted ACE1 Positive Control can be stored at -20°C in small aliquots.
   b. Tissue or cell lysates of more than 2 µg of total protein/well might suppress the enzymatic activity of ACE1 with the provided substrate. In that case, dilute the sample with ACE1 Lysis Buffer and use 3-5 different amounts of the diluted lysate per well.
   c. Plasma or serum samples can be used directly in the assay. The volume used per well will need to be optimized by the user.
2. Abz-Standard Curve Preparation: Prepare 100 μM solution of Abz-Standard by diluting 50 μl of 1 mM Abz-Standard with 450 μl of ACE1 Assay Buffer. Add 0, 2, 4, 6, 8 and 10 μl of 100 μM Abz-Standard into a series of wells in a 96-well plate and adjust the final volume to 100 μl/well with ACE1 Assay Buffer to generate 0, 200, 400, 600, 800 and 1000 pmol/well of Abz-Standard respectively. Mix well and measure the fluorescence (Ex/Em = 330/430 nm) in an end point mode.

3. ACE1 Substrate Mix: Prepare enough reagents for the number of assays to be performed. For each well, prepare 50 μl of the Substrate Mix:

47 μl ACE1 Assay Buffer
3 μl ACE1 Substrate
Mix & add 50 μl of ACE1 Substrate Mix into each Sample and Positive Control wells. Mix well.

Note: Don’t add Substrate Mix to the Standard wells.

4. Measurement: Measure fluorescence (Ex/Em = 330/430 nm) in a kinetic mode for 1-2 hr at 37°C. Choose any two time points (T₁ & T₂) in the linear range of the plot and obtain the corresponding values for the fluorescence (RFU₁ and RFU₂). Calculate ΔRFU/ΔT.

5. Calculation: Subtract 0 Standard reading from all readings. Plot the Abz-Standard Curve and obtain the slope of the curve (ΔRFU/ΔT). If Sample Background Control reading is significant then subtract the Background Control reading from Sample reading.

Sample ACE Activity = \( B \times D / (\Delta T \times P) = \text{pmol/min/mg} \)

Where:
B = Abz in Sample based on Std. curve slope (pmol)
\( \Delta T \) = reaction time (min.)
P = Sample used into the reaction well (in mg)
D = Sample dilution factor (D=1 when samples are undiluted)

Unit Definition: One unit of ACE1 activity is the amount of enzyme that catalyzes the release of 1 nmol of Abz per min from the substrate under the assay conditions at 37°C.

Figures: (a) Abz-Standard Curve (0-1000 pmol), error bars indicate SD (n=3). (b) Kinetic activity curves using different amounts of ACE1 Positive Control. (c) ACE1 activity was measured for different types of rat tissue samples (lung, heart and kidney; 0.6 μg each). Assays were performed following the kit protocol.

VIII. RELATED PRODUCTS:
ACE antibody (CT) (6703)
Angiotensin II, human (4917)
AGT antibody (NT) (6709)
Renin Inhibitor Screening Kit (Fluorometric) (K799)

ACE2 (human) ELISA kit (K4918)
AGT antibody (CT) (6708)
Renin Activity Fluorometric assay kit (K800)

FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY! Not to be used on humans.