Treponema Pallidum IgA, IgG, IgM ELISA Kit
(Catalog # E4675-100, 96 assays; Store at 2-8°C)

I. Introduction:
Treponema pallidum is the causative agent of syphilis, a contagious and infectious systemic disease characterized by periods of active florid manifestations and by years of symptomless latency. Syphilis is traditionally classified as acquired or congenital, each being further subdivided on the basis of the natural course of the disease. In acquired syphilis, infection is usually transmitted by sexual intercourse. The incubation period of syphilis can vary from 1 to 13 weeks, but usually from 3 - 4 weeks. Untreated patients with primary or secondary syphilis having active lesions are the most infectious, and the risks of contagion are greatest during the first 2 years of infection. Virtually every organ and tissue of the body is affected, including most body fluids. Over 80% of patients have mucocutaneous lesions, 50% have generalized constitutional symptoms of malaise, headache, anorexia, nausea, aching pains in the bones, and fatigability are often present. Congenital syphilis is the result of passage of T. pallidum across the placenta. Clinical manifestations may be present at birth but are more often seen at 3 weeks to 6 months of age. Two types of antibodies are produced by T. pallidum: nontreponemal antibodies (reagin) and treponemal antibodies. ELISA for detection of IgG and IgM antibodies is becoming the Gold standard for the diagnosis of syphilis.

II. Application:
Detection of total antibody to Treponema Pallidum

III. Sample Type:
Human serum or plasma

IV. Kit Contents:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>E4675-100</th>
<th>Part No.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Microplate</td>
<td>12 strips x 8 wells</td>
<td>E4675-100-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sample Diluent</td>
<td>22 ml</td>
<td>E4675-100-2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calibrator</td>
<td>1 ml</td>
<td>E4675-100-3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Positive Control</td>
<td>1 ml</td>
<td>E4675-100-4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Negative Control</td>
<td>1 ml</td>
<td>E4675-100-5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enzyme conjugate</td>
<td>12 ml</td>
<td>E4675-100-6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TMB Substrate</td>
<td>12 ml</td>
<td>E4675-100-7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stop Solution</td>
<td>12 ml</td>
<td>E4675-100-8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wash Buffer (20X)</td>
<td>25 ml</td>
<td>E4675-100-9</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

V. User Supplied Reagents and Equipment:
- Microplate reader capable of measuring absorbance at 450 nm.
- Absorbent paper.
- Adjustable pipettes and pipette tips.

VI. Storage Conditions and Reagent Preparation:
Store kit at 2-8°C. Keep microwells sealed in a dry bag with desiccants. Spin tubes briefly to bring down all components to the bottom of tubes. Reagents are stable until the expiration of the kit. Do not expose reagent to heat, sun, or strong light.
- Wash Buffer: Prepare 1X Wash buffer by adding the contents of the bottle (25 ml, 20X) to 475 ml of distilled or deionized water. Store at room temperature (18-26°C).

VII. Warning & Precautions:
- Potential biohazardous materials: The calibrator and controls contain human serum components which have been tested and found non-reactive for hepatitis B surface antigen as well as HIV antibody with FDA licensed reagents. However, as there is no test method that can offer complete assurance that HIV, Hepatitis B virus or other infectious agents are absent, these reagents should be handled at the Biosafety Level 2, as recommended in the Centers for Disease Control/National Institutes of Health manual, "Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories."
- Optimal results will be obtained by strict adherence to the test protocol. Precise pipetting as well as following the exact time and temperature requirements is essential.
- Do not pipette by mouth. Do not smoke, eat, or drink in the areas in which specimens or kit reagents are handled.
- The components in this kit are intended for use as an integral unit. The components of different lots should not be mixed.
- This product contains components preserved with sodium azide. Sodium azide may react with lead and copper plumbing to form explosive metal azide. On disposal, flush with a large volume of water.

VIII. Sample Preparation and Storage:
Collect blood specimens & separate the serum immediately. Specimens may be stored refrigerated at (2-8°C) for 7 days. Store frozen at (−20°C) for up to six month. Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles. Prior to assay, frozen sera should be completely thawed and mixed well.

IX. Assay Protocol:
Prior to assay, bring all reagents to room temperature. Gently mix all reagents before use.
1. Place the desired no. of coated strips into the holder. Replace any unused microwell strips back into the aluminum bag, seal and store at 2-8°C.
2. Negative control, positive control, and calibrator are ready to use. Prepare 1:21 dilution of test samples, by adding 10 µl of the sample to 200 µl of sample diluent. Mix well.
3. Dispense 100 µl of diluted sera, calibrator and controls into the appropriate wells. For the reagent blank, dispense 100 µl sample diluent in 1A well position. Tap the holder to remove air bubbles from the liquid and mix well. Incubate for 20 minutes at room temperature.
4. Remove liquid from all wells. Wash wells three times with 300 µl of 1X wash buffer. Blot on absorbance paper or paper towel.
5. Dispense 100 µl of enzyme conjugate to each well and incubate for 20 minutes at room temperature.

155 S. Milpitas Blvd., Milpitas, CA 95035 USA | T: (408)493-1800 F: (408)493-1801 | www.biovision.com | tech@biovision.com
6. Remove enzyme conjugate from all wells. Wash wells three times with 300 µl of 1X wash buffer. Blot on absorbance paper or paper towel.
7. Dispense 100 µl of TMB substrate and incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature.
8. Add 100 µl of stop solution.
9. Read O.D. at 450 nm using ELISA reader within 15 min. A dual wavelength is recommended with reference filter of 600-650 nm.

X. Calculation
Check Calibrator Factor (CF) value on the calibrator bottle. This value might vary from lot to lot. Make sure you check the value on every kit. Calculate the cut-off value: Calibrator OD x Calibrator Factor (CF). Calculate the Ab (Antibody) Index of each determination by dividing the O.D. value of each sample by cut-off value.

EXAMPLE OF TYPICAL RESULTS:
Calibrator mean OD = 0.8
Calibrator Factor (CF) = 0.5
Cut-off Value = 0.8 x 0.5 = 0.400
Positive control O.D. = 1.2
Ab Index = 1.2 / 0.4 = 3
Patient sample O.D. = 1.6
Ab Index = 1.6 / 0.4 = 4.0

QUALITY CONTROL
The test run may be considered valid provided the following criteria are met:
1. The O.D. of the Calibrator should be greater than 0.250.
2. The Ab index for Negative control should be less than 0.9.
3. The Ab Index for Positive control should fall within the range specified on the COA/label.

INTERPRETATION
The following is intended as a guide to interpretation of total antibody test results; each laboratory is encouraged to establish its own criteria for test interpretation based on sample populations encountered.

ANTIBODY INDEX INTERPRETATION
< 0.9 No detectable antibody to total antibody by ELISA.
0.9 - 1.1 Borderline positive. Follow-up testing is recommend if clinically indicated.
> 1.1 Detectable antibody to total antibody by ELISA.

LIMITATIONS OF THE TEST
1. The test results obtained using this kit serve only as an aid to diagnosis and should be interpreted in relation to the patient’s history, physical findings and other diagnostic procedures.
2. Lipemic or hemolyzed samples may cause erroneous results.

Sensitivity and Specificity
65 patient sera were tested by this T. pallidum antibody ELISA and a reference ELISA method. 16 sera were positive and 45 were negative by both methods (94% agreement). The results are summarized below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>T. pallidum antibody ELISA</th>
<th>+</th>
<th>-</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Reference ELISA Kit</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>44</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>47</td>
<td>65</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Serum</th>
<th>No. of Replicates</th>
<th>Mean</th>
<th>Standard Deviation</th>
<th>Coefficient of Variation %</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>1.35</td>
<td>0.072</td>
<td>5.33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>1.18</td>
<td>0.053</td>
<td>5.58</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>0.98</td>
<td>0.011</td>
<td>5.50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

 XI. RELATED PRODUCTS:
- Treponema Pallidum IgG ELISA Kit (E4676)
- Treponema Pallidum IgM ELISA Kit (E4677)
- Cardiolipin IgG, IgA, IgM ELISA Kit (E4568)
- Cardiolipin IgA ELISA Kit (E4659)
- Cardiolipin IgG ELISA Kit (E4460)
- Cardiolipin IgM ELISA Kit (E4661)